Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District

2022 Annual Report

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER, STATE OF COLORADO

ANNUAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

Pursuant to the Service Plan for Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (the "District"), the District is required to provide an annual report to the City and County of Denver, Colorado (the "City") with regard to the following matters:

For the year ending December 31, 2022, the District makes the following report:

1. Annual budget to the Manager of Revenue and Manager of Public Works:

A copy of the 2023 Budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

- 2. Construction schedules for the current year and the work projected to be completed in the following two years.
 - a. High Point Blvd Project was completed in July, 2020.
 - b. West Fork Channel improvements project is in process with an expected completion date in October, 2020.
 - c. West Fork Trail and Landscape project is set to begin construction in October, 2020.
 - d. Dunkirk Roadway Infrastructure project is expected to being construction in September, 2020.
 - e. Filing One, Phase two infrastructure project is currently under construction with an expected completion date in October, 2020.
 - f. Denver High Point Community Park project is in process. It will resume construction activity in February, 2021.
 - g. Dunkirk and 71st Ave. Project is expected to begin construction in June, 2021.
 - h. High Point Filing No. 2 Dunkirk St/Roundabout Improvements were completed in October 2021.
 - I. High Point at DIA Block 5 Pond 800 Landscape Construction Project.
- 3. Annual audited financial statements for the District to the Manager of Revenue:

A copy of the 2022 audit is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

4. Total debt authorized, total debt issued, and remaining debt authorized and intended to be issued by the District to the Manager of Revenue:

The total authorized debt is \$157,800,000 for District Improvements and \$90,200,000 for Regional Improvements. The District does not intend to issue any debt.

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5. Names and terms of members of the Board of Directors and its officers of the District to the Manager of Revenue and Manager of Public Works:

Andrew Klein - President - Term to May 2023 Otis Moore, III - Treasurer - Term to May 2025 Ted Laudick - Assistant Secretary - Term to May 2025 Vacancy - Term to May 2023 Vacancy - Term to May 2025

6. Any bylaws, rules and regulations of the District regarding bidding, conflict of interest, contracting and other governance to the Manager of Public Works:

There were no bylaws or rules and regulations regarding bidding, conflict of interest, contracting and other governance matters adopted in 2022.

7. Current intergovernmental agreements and amendments to both the Manager of Revenue and Manager of Public Works:

Facilities Acquisition Agreement among Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District, Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 13 and William Lyon Homes, Inc.

Service Agreement for Independent Engineer's Report and Cost Verification Services by and between Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District, Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 13 and Schedio Group LLC.

First Amendment to Service Agreement for Cost Verification Services by and between Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District, Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 13, Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 14, and Schedio Group LLC.

Existing Intergovernmental Agreements:

- a. The District and the City and County of Denver entered into a City Intergovernmental Agreement on September 2, 2008.
- b. The District and the City and County of Denver entered into a First Amendment to the City an Intergovernmental Agreement on March 17, 2014.
- c. The District, the City and County of Denver, and LNR CPI High Point, LLC entered into a Funding Agreement City IGA Obligations on September 2, 2008.

- d. The District and Colorado International Center Metropolitan District Nos. 13 & 14 entered into a Facilities Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement on June 28, 2007, as amended.
- e. The District, Colorado International Center Metropolitan District Nos. 13 & 14, and Gateway Regional Metropolitan District entered into an Operations Financing Intergovernmental Agreement on June 6, 2007.
- f. The District and Aurora High Point at DIA Metropolitan District ("AHP") entered into a Cost Sharing and Reimbursement Agreement on April 12, 2018.
- g. The District, AHP, and Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 4 entered into a First Amendment to Cost Sharing and Reimbursement Agreement on May 7, 2018.
- h. The District entered into an Eligible Governmental Entity ("EGE") Agreement between the Statewide Internet Portal Authority of the State of Colorado and the District in 2019.
- i. Termination of Eligible Governmental Entity Agreement with Colorado State Internet Portal Authority on October 25, 2021.

8. A summary of all current contracts for services of the District to the Manager of Public Works:

- a. Service Agreement for Denver High Point at DIA Landscape Maintenance Between the District and All Phase Landscape Construction, Inc, dated October 26, 2020.
- b. Service Agreement for Denver High Point at DIA Snow Removal Services between the District and All Phase Landscape Construction, Inc., dated October 26, 2020.
- c. Management Agreement between the District and Special District Management Services, Inc., dated October 24, 2017.
- e. Engagement Agreement between the District and McGeady Becher P.C., dated September 27, 2017.
- f. Engagement Agreement between the District and CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, dated March 8, 2016.

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9. Official statements of current outstanding bonded indebtedness of the District, if not already received by the City to the Manager of Revenue:

The District does not currently have any outstanding bonded indebtedness.

10. Current approved Service Plan of the District and amendments thereto to the Manager of Revenue and Manager of Public Works:

A copy of the Service Plan of the District (approved March 13, 2006) was provided with the 2006 Annual Report. (The District provided 45-day notice of certain planned activities three times during 2007, pursuant to the provisions of Section 32-1-207(3)(b), C.R.S., Copies of the required notices, as filed with the Denver District Court, were provided with the 2007 Annual Report.)

11. The District Manager's contact information to the Manager of Revenue and Manager of Public Works:

David Solin
Special District Management Services, Inc.
141 Union Boulevard, Suite 150
Lakewood, Colorado 80228-1898
Officer 202 087 0825 Febru 202 087 2022

Office: 303-987-0835, Fax: 303-987-2032

Email: <u>dsolin@sdmsi.com</u>

EXHIBIT A

(2023 Budget)

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

ANNUAL BUDGET

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021	ESTIMATED 2022	BUDGET 2023
	2021	2022	2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$ 667,345	\$ 1,045,856	\$ 1,958,205
REVENUES			
Regional Mill levy	46	5	26
Specific ownership tax	-	-	1
Regional development fees	43,350	1,000,000	1,000,000
Developer advance	3,783,649	-	-
Other revenue	502,326	-	-
Intergovernmental revenue - Transfer from CIC 13	14,166	36,203	59,027
Intergovernmental revenue - Transfer from CIC 14	5,883,387	8,322,978	20,371,553
Total revenues	10,226,924	9,359,186	21,430,607
Total funds available	10,894,269	10,405,042	23,388,812
EXPENDITURES			
General Fund	245,107	390,000	425,000
Capital Projects Fund	9,603,305	6,605,653	21,000,000
Capital Projects Fund - Regional	1	1,451,184	1,683,376
Total expenditures	9,848,413	8,446,837	23,108,376
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	9,848,413	8,446,837	23,108,376
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,045,856	\$ 1,958,205	\$ 280,436

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021		ESTIMATED 2022		В	UDGET 2023
ASSESSED VALUATION - Denver County						
Commercial	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30
Vacant land		290		290		290
Personal property State assessed		2,720 -		-		1,400
Certified Assessed Value	\$	3,040	\$	320	\$	1,720
MILL LEVY Regional Total mill levy		15.000 15.000		15.000 15.000		15.000 15.000
rotal fillil levy		13.000		13.000		13.000
PROPERTY TAXES						
Regional Mill Levy	\$	46	\$	5	\$	26
Levied property taxes		46		5		26
Adjustments to actual/rounding		-		-		-
Budgeted property taxes	\$	46	\$	5	\$	26
BUDGETED DEODEDTY TAYES	Ф.	40	<u></u>		ሰ	
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES	\$	46	\$	5	\$	26

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021		ESTIMATED 2022		В	UDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	213,276	\$	305,675	\$	274,856
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental - Transfer from CIC 13		14,166		36,203		59,027
Intergovernmental - Transfer from CIC 14		323,340		322,978		371,553
Total revenues		337,506		359,181		430,580
Total funds available		550,782		664,856		705,436
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
Accounting		66,875		77,000		89,000
Auditing		8,500		9,000		10,500
Directors' fees		3,600		7,200		7,500
Dues and licenses		1,340		1,423		1,750
Insurance		12,917		15,259		17,000
District management		15,362		20,000		23,000
Legal services		22,284		35,000		40,000
Miscellaneous		196		477		100
City administration fee		9,000		9,000		9,000
Payroll taxes		-		551		1,000
Election expense		145		1,604		2,500
Repay Developer advance - Interest		-		100,000		100,000
Contingency		-		4,336		14,500
Operations and maintenance						
Utilities - Storm drainage		-		150		150
Snow removal		2,303		5,000		5,000
Landscape contract		24,805		25,000		25,000
Landscape maintenance - Gateway		20,628		12,000		12,000
Landscape enhancements		2,208		10,000		10,000
Landscape repairs and maintenance		35,754		30,000		30,000
Water		18,451		20,000		20,000
Electricity		739		7,000		7,000
Total expenditures		245,107		390,000		425,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		245,107		390,000		425,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	305,675	\$	274,856	\$	280,436
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	10,125	\$	10,775	\$	12,917
TOTAL RESERVE	\$ \$	10,125	\$	10,775	\$	12,917

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021	ESTIMATED 2022	BUDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ (637,064)	\$ (394,347)	\$ 1,000,000
REVENUES			
Developer advance	3,783,649	-	-
Other revenue	502,326	-	-
Intergovernmental - Transfer from CIC 14	5,560,047	8,000,000	20,000,000
Total revenues	9,846,022	8,000,000	20,000,000
Total funds available	9,208,958	7,605,653	21,000,000
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administrative			
Accounting	5,856	22,000	9,500
Legal services	-	1,500	1,500
Miscellaneous	92	1,000	1,000
Snow removal	592	-	-
Debt Service			
Developer advance repayment - principal	3,424,817	4,000,000	1,186,212
Developer advance repayment - interest	-	119,478	119,478
Capital Projects			
Streets	4,682,257	500,000	5,000,000
Storm drainage	57,871	250,000	1,000,000
Engineering	94,627	250,000	500,000
Sewer	149,309	100,000	2,750,000
Water	380,166	100,000	2,750,000
Construction management	152,500	500,000	1,000,000
Grading/Earthwork	310,120	250,000	1,000,000
Erosion control	17,225	100,000	1,000,000
Dry utilities	-	100,000	250,000
Parks and landscaping	327,873	100,000	4,000,000
Contingency	-	211,675	432,310
Total expenditures	9,603,305	6,605,653	21,000,000
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	9,603,305	6,605,653	21,000,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ (394,347)	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - REGIONAL 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021		ESTIMATED 2022		E	BUDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUNDS AVAILABLE	\$	1,091,133	\$	1,134,528	\$	683,349
REVENUES						
Regional Mill levy		46		5		26
Specific ownership tax		-		-		1
Regional development fees		43,350		1,000,000		1,000,000
Total revenues		43,396		1,000,005		1,000,027
Total funds available		1,134,529		2,134,533		1,683,376
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
County Treasurer Fee		1		-		-
Capital Projects Fund - Regional						
Capital outlay - Regional Project		-		1,451,184		1,683,376
Total expenditures		1		1,451,184		1,683,376
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		1		1,451,184		1,683,376
ENDING FUNDS AVAILABLE	\$	1,134,528	\$	683,349	\$	

Services Provided

Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (the District or Management District), a quasimunicipal corporation is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in the City and County of Denver, Colorado. Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (the Management District) was organized in conjunction with two other metropolitan districts, comprising the Denver High Point development. Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 13 (CIC 13), contains the residential property, and Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 14 (CIC 14) contains the commercial property, (collectively, the Districts). The Management District is responsible for managing, implementing, and coordinating the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, operation and maintenance of all public infrastructure and services within the District, including streets, safety protection, water, sewer and storm drainage, transportation, mosquito control, fire protection, park and recreation facilities, and improvements for the use and benefit of the inhabitants and taxpayers of the District.

On May 2, 2006, the District's voters authorized general obligation indebtedness of \$1,530,400,000 for the above listed facilities and powers. Per the District's service plan, the District is prohibited from issuing debt in excess of \$157,800,000 for District improvements and \$90,200,000 for Regional Improvements. On May 3, 2016, the District's electors authorized the incurrence of additional general obligation debt totaling \$2,615,000,000.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with requirements of Section 29-1-105, C.R.S, using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Revenues (continued)

Property Taxes (continued)

Senate Bill 21-293, among other things, designates multi-family residential real property (defined generally, as property that is a multi-structure of four or more units) as a new subclass of residential real property. For tax collection year 2023, the assessment rate for single family residential property decreases to 6.95% from 7.15%. The rate for multifamily residential property, the newly created subclass, decreases to 6.80% from 7.15%. Agricultural and renewable energy production property decreases to 26.4% from29.0%. Producing oil and gas remains at 87.5%. All other nonresidential property stays at 29%.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary Information page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District. The District only levies a Regional Improvements Mill Levy (see below).

Regional Improvements Mill Levy

The District is required to impose a mill levy of 15.000 for payment of the planning, designing, permitting, construction, acquisition and financing of the regional improvements described in the City Intergovernmental Agreement between Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District and the City and County of Denver and the Service Plan for the District. The District is also responsible for 17.00% of Gateway Regional Metropolitan District's service plan project costs and certain Town Center Metropolitan District obligations, which are also considered regional improvements.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 5.00% of the property taxes collected.

Regional Development Fees

The District imposes a regional development fees on sales of property within District Nos. 13 and 14. The fee is imposed to provide for certain regional improvements per an IGA with the City.

Intergovernmental Revenue

On June 28, 2007, and as amended on October 24, 2009, the District entered into an agreement with Colorado International Center District No. 13 and Colorado International Center District No. 14 (the Denver Districts) that as the "Management District" it will own, operate, maintain, finance and construct facilities benefiting all of the Districts and that the Denver Districts will contribute to the costs of construction, operation, and maintenance of such facilities. It is anticipated that CIC 13 and CIC 14 will transfer all available funds from the imposition of a mill levy for operations and maintenance to the District in compliance with this agreement, as well as project funds from CIC 14's bond issuance.

Expenditures

Administrative Expenditures

Administrative expenditures have been provided based on estimates of the District's Board of Directors and consultants and include the services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as legal, accounting, managerial, insurance, meeting expense, and other administrative expenses.

Operations and Maintenance

Certain street and open space landscaping will be owned and maintained by the District. The estimated cost of repairs and maintenance of these areas are found on page 3 of the budget.

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.00% of property tax collections.

Capital Outlay

Anticipated expenditures for capital projects are outlined on page 4 of the budget.

Debt and Leases

Developer Advances

The District's debt is comprised of developer advances, which are not general obligation debt. As of December 31, 2021, the District had \$2,242,344 in outstanding developer advances and interest accrued at 8.00%. Repayment of advances is subject to annual appropriation if and when eligible funds become available. See below for the anticipated activity for developer advances.

Dougloper Advances		Balance 2/31/2021	A	dditions*	<u> </u>	eletions*	<u>1</u>	Balance 2/31/2022*
Developer Advances Operations Capital Accrued Interest (Ops) Accrued Interest (Cap)	\$	594,653 1,270,135 339,564 37,992	\$	- 47,572 101,611	\$	- - 100,000 -	\$	594,653 1,270,135 287,136 139,603
	\$	2,242,344	\$	149,183	\$	100,000	\$	2,291,527
		Balance 2/31/2022*	<u>A</u>	dditions*	<u> </u>	eletions*	<u>1</u>	Balance 2/31/2023*
Developer Advances	•	504.050	•		•		•	504.050
Operations Capital	\$	594,653 1,270,135	\$	47 570	\$	-	\$	594,653 1,270,135
				47,572		100,000		234,708
Accrued Interest (Ops) Accrued Interest (Cap)		287,136 139,603		101,611		-		241,214

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Reserves

	Em	erg	en	СУ	R	es	er	ve
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The District has provided for an emergency reserve fund equal to at least 3.00% of fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

EXHIBIT B

(2022 Audit)

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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P.O. Box 631579 Highlands Ranch, CO 80163

> PHONE: 720.348.1086 Fax: 720.348.2920

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District
City and County of Denver, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information is listed in the table of contents and does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado September 26, 2023

SCHILLING & Company, INC.



DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted	\$ 243,955
Cash and Investments - Restricted	7,090,247
Due from Colorado International Center No.14	751,536
Accounts Receivable - ACM	260,444
Regional Mill Levy Receivable	26
Prepaid Expenses	11,916
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	30,672,067
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	150,871
Total Assets	39,181,062
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	3,368,661
Due to Colorado International Center MD No. 14	260,444
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	990,785
Total Liabilities	4,619,890
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Regional Mill Levy Revenue	26
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	26
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,457,109
Restricted for:	
Emergency	10,900
Regional Capital Projects	4,289,121
Unrestricted	27,804,016
Total Net Position	\$ 34,561,146

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Net Revenues
					(Expenses) and
					Change in
			Program Revenues	S	Net Position
		Charges	Operating	Capital	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:					
Government Activities:					
General Government	\$ 311,298	-	\$ 360,265	\$ 6,309,987	\$ 6,358,954
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	54,131	-	-	-	(54,131)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 365,429	\$ -	\$ 360,265	\$ 6,309,987	6,304,823
	GENERAL REV	ENUES			
	Regional Mill L	evy			5
	Other Income				10,186
	Total Gene	eral Revenues			10,191
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			6,315,014
	Net Position - Be	eginning of Year			28,246,132
	NET POSITION	- END OF YEAR			\$ 34,561,146

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Capital		Total
			Capital	Projects -	G	overnmental
	(General	Projects	Regional		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted	\$	243,955	\$ -	\$ -	\$	243,955
Cash and Investments - Restricted		10,900	-	7,079,347		7,090,247
Due from Other Funds		250	-	302,674		302,924
Due from Colorado International Center MD No. 14		159,507	592,029			751,536
Accounts Receivable - ACM		-	260,444	-		260,444
Regional Mill Levy Receivable		-	-	26		26
Prepaid Expenses		11,916	-	-		11,916
Total Assets	\$	426,528	\$ 852,473	\$ 7,382,047	\$	8,661,048
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	40,381	\$ 235,380	\$ 3,092,900	\$	3,368,661
Due to Other Funds		-	302,924	-		302,924
Due to Colorado International Center MD No. 14		-	260,444	-		260,444
Total Liabilities		40,381	798,748	3,092,900		3,932,029
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Regional Mill Levy Revenue		-	-	26		26
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-	26		26
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Amounts		11,916	-	-		11,916
Restricted for:						
Emergencies (TABOR)		10,900	-	-		10,900
Capital Projects		-	-	4,289,121		4,289,121
Unassigned:		363,331	53,725	-		417,056
Total Fund Balances		386,147	53,725	4,289,121		4,728,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	426,528	\$ 852,473	\$ 7,382,047		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the						
statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are						
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in						
the funds.						30,822,938
Long-term liabilities, including Developer advances,						
are not due and payable in the current period and,						
therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Developer Advances						(594,653
Accrued Interest - Developer Advances						(396,132
					\$	34,561,146

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Capital	Total
		Capital	Projects -	Governmental
	General	Projects	Regional	Funds
REVENUES				
Regional Mill Levy	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 5
Regional Development Fees	-	-	3,154,588	3,154,588
Intergovernmental Revenue -				
Colorado International Center MD No. 13	35,711	-	-	35,711
Colorado International Center MD No. 14	324,554	3,155,399	-	3,479,953
Other Income	1,299	8,887	-	10,186
Total Revenues	361,564	3,164,286	3,154,593	6,680,443
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	81,651	21,598	-	103,249
Audit	8,500		-	8,500
City Administration Fee	9,000	-	_	9,000
District Management	27,420	-	_	27,420
Dues and Subscriptions	1,423	-	_	1,423
Elections	1,652	-	_	1,652
Electricity	820	-	_	820
Insurance and Bonds	12,634	-	_	12,634
Landscape Maintenance - Contract	28,106	-	_	28,106
Landscape Maintenance - Contract Landscape Repairs and Maintenance	25,297	_	_	25,297
Landscape Repairs and Maintenance Landscape Maintenance - Gateway	13,880	-	_	13,880
Legal	36,213	158	_	36,371
Miscellaneous	8,775	239	_	9,014
Snow Removal	2,252	209	_	2,252
Utilities	23,469	-	-	23,469
	23,409	-	-	23,409
Capital Outlay:		1 200 520	_	1 200 520
Capital Improvements	281,092	1,388,529 1,410,524	-	1,388,529 1,691,616
Total Expenditures	281,092	1,410,324	-	1,091,010
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	80,472	1,753,762	3,154,593	4,988,827
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Advance	-	1,028,603	-	1,028,603
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	-	(2,298,738)	-	(2,298,738)
Repay Developer Advance - Interest	-	(35,555)	-	(35,555)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(1,305,690)	-	(1,305,690)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	80,472	448,072	3,154,593	3,683,137
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	305,675	(394,347)	1,134,528	1,045,856
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 386,147	\$ 53,725	\$ 4,289,121	\$ 4,728,993

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

let Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	3,683,137
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are		
ifferent because:		
more booduse.	-	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities,		
capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities		
will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset		
over the estimated useful life of the asset. During the current period, there were no		
depreciable assets. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay in the current period		
Capital Outlay		1,388,529
Depreciation Expense		(8,211
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, Developer advances) provides current		
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal		
of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net		
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Current Year Debt - Developer Advances		(1,028,603
Repayment of Developer Advances - Principal		2,298,738
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability		(18,576
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	6,315,014

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Variance with	
	Original		Final Budget	
	and Final	Actual	Positive	
	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenue -				
Colorado International Center MD No. 13	\$ 36,203	\$ 35,711	\$ (492	
Colorado International Center MD No. 14	322,978	324,554	1,576	
Other revenue	-	1,299	1,299	
Total Revenues	359,181	361,564	2,383	
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	77,000	81,651	(4,651	
Audit	9,000	8,500	500	
City Administration Fee	9,000	9,000	-	
Director's Fees	7,200	-	7,200	
District Management	20,000	27,420	(7,420	
Dues and Subscriptions	1,500	1,423	77	
Elections	5,000	1,652	3,348	
Electricity	7,000	820	6,180	
Insurance and Bonds	15,000	12,634	2,366	
Landscape Maintenance - Contract	25,000	28,106	(3,106	
Landscape Enhancements	10,000	-	10,000	
Landscape Repairs and Maintenance	30,000	25,297	4,703	
Landscape Maintenance - Gateway	12,000	13,880	(1,880	
Legal	35,000	36,213	(1,213	
Miscellaneous	-	8,775	(8,775	
Payroll Taxes	551	-	551	
Snow Removal	5,000	2,252	2,748	
Utilities - Irrigation	20,000	23,469	(3,469	
Utilities - Storm Drainage	150	-	150	
Contingency	11,599	-	11,599	
Total Expenditures	300,000	281,092	18,908	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	59,181	80,472	21,291	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Repay Developer Advance	(100,000)	-	100,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(100,000)	-	100,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40,819)	80,472	121,291	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	299,296	305,675	6,379	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 258,477	\$ 386,147	\$ 127,670	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Denver High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the City and County of Denver recorded on June 26, 2006, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City and County of Denver (City) on March 13, 2006. Concurrently with the formation of the District, the City approved the formation of Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 13 (CIC 13), which will contain the residential property within the project, and Colorado International Center No. 14 (CIC 14), which will contain the commercial property within the project (Taxing Districts). The District is the Management District, and together with the Taxing Districts, are collectively the Denver High Point Districts (Districts).

The District, pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement among the Districts, is responsible for managing, implementing, and coordinating the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, operation, and maintenance of all public infrastructure and services within the Districts, including street, safety protection, water, sewer and storm drainage, transportation, mosquito control, limited fire protection, and park and recreation improvements for the use of the inhabitants and taxpayers of the Districts. The operation and maintenance of most District services and facilities are anticipated to be provided by the City and not by the Districts.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the City and the Taxing Districts.

The District has no employees, and all administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These financial statements include all the activities of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

The Capital Projects Fund - Regional is used to account for resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of regional capital equipment and facilities.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and infrastructure improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements, with the exception of landscaping improvements (trees, sod, and similar items) are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Any construction in process that will be dedicated to another entity is not depreciated.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following economic useful lives:

Monuments 50 Years Landscape Improvements 20 Years

Maintenance Fee

On October 28, 2015, the District and each of the Taxing Districts adopted Joint Resolutions Concerning the Imposition of a Maintenance Fee, as amended on February 27, 2018. These Joint Resolutions (as amended) superseded all other resolutions imposing Maintenance Fees.

Pursuant to the Joint Maintenance Fee Resolutions, a monthly recurring Maintenance Fee is charged to each residential and commercial unit in the Taxing Districts for services provided in connection with the construction, operation, and maintenance of public facilities by the District, including but not limited to the operation and maintenance of park and recreational facilities, landscaping, and common areas. The Maintenance Fee may be adjusted from time to time. In 2022, the Maintenance Fees were \$26.50 for residential units without underdrains and \$27.50 for residential units with underdrains. The Maintenance Fee is to be billed, collected, and retained by the District. As of December 31, 2022 no Maintenance Fees were collected.

The Districts are also authorized to charge a one-time Maintenance Fee payable upon the transfer of a residential or commercial unit by an End User at a rate established by the Districts from time to time. As of December 31, 2022, no rate for the one-time Maintenance Fees had been established.

Facilities Fee

On February 27, 2018, the District and each of the Taxing Districts adopted Amended and Restated Joint Resolutions Concerning the Imposition of Facilities Fee. These Amended and Restated Joint Facilities Fees Resolutions supersede all other resolutions imposing Facilities Fees.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Facilities Fee (Continued)

A Facility Fee of \$2,500 for each single-family residential unit, \$1,250 for each multi-family residential unit, and \$0.25 per square foot for each commercial unit is charged against properties within the Taxing Districts. The Facility Fee is due at the time of issuance of a building permit. The District records the Facilities Fee as revenue when received.

Regional Development Fee

On October 1, 2021, the District and each of the Taxing Districts adopted Joint Resolutions Concerning the Imposition of Regional Development Fees, to be effective during the year ending December 31, 2022.

The Districts impose a Regional Development Fee on property within the Districts ranging from a base amount of \$0.20 to \$0.50 per square foot of a Zone Lot, as adjusted by the Construction Cost Adjustment multiplier provided by the City. The Regional Development Fees is imposed to provide for the funding of certain Regional Improvements, per that certain City Intergovernmental Agreement dated September 2, 2008 (as amended) with the City. During 2022, the Regional Development Fee in effect ranged from \$0.45 to \$1.13, and the Districts collected \$3,154,593.

Any unpaid fees constitute a statutory and perpetual lien against the property served.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and Investments - Unrestricted	\$	243,955
Cash and Investments - Restricted		7,090,247
Total Cash and Investments	\$	7,334,202

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Total Cash and Investments	\$	7,334,202
Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$	7,334,202

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$7,348,695 and a carrying balance of \$7,334,202.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy following state statutes regarding investments, but had no investments as of December 31, 2022.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Revenue bonds of local government securities, corporate and bank securities, and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds, are limited to maturities of three years or less.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had no investments.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	December 31,		Retirements/	December 31,
	2021	Additions	Reclassification	2022
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ 29,088,881	\$ 1,388,529	\$ -	\$ 30,477,410
Landscape Improvements	194,657		-	194,657
Total Capital Assets,				
Not Being Depreciated	29,283,538	1,388,529	-	30,672,067
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Landscaping	133,925	-	-	133,925
Monument	75,747		-	75,747
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	209,672	-	-	209,672
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Landscaping	(36,829)	(6,696)	-	(43,525
Monument	(13,761)	(1,515)	-	(15,276
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(50,590)	(8,211)	-	(58,801
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated, Net	159,082	(8,211)	-	150,871
Governmental Activities - Capital Assets, Net	\$ 29,442,620	\$ 1,380,318	\$ -	\$ 30,822,938
Depreciation expense was charged to				
functions/programs of the District as follows:				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government		\$ 8,211		

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due		
	December 31,			December 31,	Within		
	2021	Additions	Retirement	2022	One Year		
Governmental Activities:							
Other Debts:							
Developer Advances -							
Operations	\$ 594,653	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 594,653	\$		
Developer Advances -							
Capital	1,270,135	1,028,603	2,298,738	-			
Accrued Interest on:							
Operations	339,564	47,572		387,136			
Capital	37,992	6,559	35,555	8,996			
Total Long-Term							
Obligations	\$ 2,242,344	\$ 1,082,734	\$ 2,334,293	\$ 990,785	\$		

Developer Advances

On October 14, 2016, the District (along with the Taxing Districts) (the Districts) entered into an Operations Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Denver High Point-LNR CPI) (New Agreement) with LNR CPI High Point, LLC (LNR). The Districts had each individually entered into with LNR previous Operations and Funding Agreements dated March 22, 2007, and made effective December 1, 2006 (Prior Agreements). The New Agreement was entered into for the purpose of terminating the Prior Agreements, acknowledging all prior costs to the Districts for the payment of operations costs, and clarifying and consolidating all understandings and commitments between the Districts and LNR. The Districts have acknowledged that LNR has made advances to the District since 2006 through the date of the New Agreement, and that LNR will continue to advance funds to the Districts for operations costs on a periodic basis as needed. Simple interest on such advances shall accrue at the rate of 8% per annum. Repayment of advances will be from ad valorem taxes, fees, or other legally available revenues. Any mill levy certified by the Taxing Districts for the purpose of repaying advances shall not exceed 50 mills, less amounts needed for current administrative, operations and maintenance costs, and to service existing debt. The New Agreement is in effect until the earlier of repayment of advances or December 1, 2046. In July 2017, LNR sold its property in the District to ACM High Point VI LLC (ACM). The Operations and Capital Funding and Reimbursement Agreements with LNR were terminated and all reimbursement rights were assigned to ACM.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Developer Advances (Continued)</u>

ACM and the District entered into the Operations Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on July 20, 2017, for the purposes of acknowledging all prior advances made by LNR to the Districts, as assigned to ACM, and to provide for ACM's advancement of funds to the District for future operations costs of the Districts up to \$1,000,000 for the fiscal years 2017 through 2021. The payment obligation to pay ACM constitutes a multiple-fiscal year obligation of the Districts. Simple interest shall accrue on each developer advance, including the prior advances, at a rate of 8%. Debt authorization used under this agreement through December 31, 2021, is \$70,861. The Districts intend to repay from certain revenues including ad valorem taxes and fees. Any mill levy certified by the Districts for the purpose of repaying advances made shall not exceed the mill levy limitation in the Service Plan, and in any event shall not exceed 50 mills. The term of this Agreement is in effect until the earlier of the repayment of the obligation or December 1, 2047.

ACM and the Management District entered into the Capital Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on July 20, 2017 (amended October 26, 2020) for the purposes of acknowledging all prior advances made by LNR to the Districts, as assigned to ACM, and to provide for ACM's advancement of funds to the District for future capital costs of the District up to \$10,000,000 for the fiscal years 2017 through 2025. The payment obligation to pay ACM constitutes a multiple-fiscal year obligation of the District. Simple interest shall accrue on each developer advance, including the prior advances, at a rate of 8%. The District intends to repay developer advances from certain revenues including any District bonds, bond proceeds received from the Taxing Districts, or ad valorem taxes and fees. Any mill levy certified by the Districts for the purpose of repaying advances made shall not exceed the mill levy limitation in the Service Plan, and in any event, shall not exceed 50 mills. The term of this Agreement is in effect until the earlier of the repayment of the obligation or December 1, 2060.

At December 31, 2022, the outstanding amount due to ACM by the District was \$981,789, which includes \$387,136 of accrued interest for operating advances and \$8,996 of accrued interest for capital advances.

William Lyon Homes Agreement

On March 11, 2020, the District, CIC No. 13, and William Lyon Homes, Inc. (WLH) entered into a Facilities Acquisition Agreement (WLH FAA). Pursuant to the WLH FAA, WLH agrees to construct certain District Improvements (defined therein) on behalf of the District and to submit its Construction Related Expenses to the District for cost verification. The District agrees to reimburse the Verified Costs (defined therein) of the District Improvements to ACM under the terms of the Capital Funding and Reimbursement Agreement. As of December 31, 2022, \$9,343,570 has been reimbursed under this agreement.

Authorized Debt

On May 2, 2006, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness of \$1,530,400,000 at an annual interest rate not to exceed 14%. On May 3, 2016, the District's electors authorized the incurrence of additional general obligation debt totaling \$2,615,000,000 in principal at an annual interest rate not to exceed

18%. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized, but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts for the following purposes:

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

	Authorized Authorized			Remaining at			
	May 2,	May 3,	Authorization	December 31,			
	2006 Election	2016 Election	Used	2022			
Streets	\$ 157,800,000	\$ 157,800,000	\$ -	\$ 315,600,000			
Traffic and Safety Controls	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Water	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Sanitary/Storm Sewer	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Parks and Recreation	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Public Transportation	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Mosquito Control	10,000,000	157,800,000	-	167,800,000			
Fire Protection	10,000,000	157,800,000	-	167,800,000			
Operations and Maintenance	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Intergovernmental Agreements	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Regional Improvements	90,200,000	90,200,000	-	180,400,000			
Refunding	157,800,000	157,800,000	-	315,600,000			
Special Assessment Debt	-	157,800,000	-	157,800,000			
Television Relay/Translation	-	157,800,000	-	157,800,000			
Security	-	157,800,000	-	157,800,000			
Private Contracts	-	157,800,000	-	157,800,000			
Mortgages	-	157,800,000	-	157,800,000			
Total	\$ 1,530,400,000	\$ 2,615,000,000	\$ -	\$ 4,145,400,000			

Per the District's Service Plan, the District is prohibited from issuing debt in excess of \$157,800,000 for District Improvements and \$90,200,000 for Regional Improvements.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Facilities Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement (FFCOA)

On June 28, 2007 (as amended on October 29, 2009, with an effective date of September 2, 2008), the District entered into a Facilities Funding, Construction, and Operations Agreement (FFCOA) with the Taxing Districts. The District will own, operate, maintain, finance, and construct facilities benefiting all the Districts, and the Taxing Districts will contribute to the costs of construction, operation, and maintenance of such facilities. Since all assessed valuation of property developed will be in the Taxing Districts, the Taxing Districts will either use proceeds of general obligation bonds or pledge their ad valorem tax revenues to pay their obligations to District.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operations Financing Intergovernmental Agreement

On June 6, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with the Taxing Districts and Gateway Regional Metropolitan District (Gateway). Under the agreement, the Denver High Point Districts agreed to participate in the operations and maintenance of certain public landscaping improvements in the medians along Tower Road between 56th Avenue and 72nd Avenue that had been previously installed by Gateway. The Denver High Point Districts' share of the operations and maintenance expenses is 17% of Gateway's budgeted operation and maintenance expenses, as adjusted for certain provisions. As provided under the FFCOA (see above), the District shall collect revenues from the other Taxing Districts and remit to Gateway the annual amount due in twelve equal installments. During 2022, \$13.880 was paid to Gateway under this agreement.

Denver High Point IGA

On April 12, 2018, the District and Aurora High Point at DIA Metropolitan District (AHP) entered into a Cost Sharing and Reimbursement Agreement (the Denver High Point IGA). The District functions as the management district for the Denver High Point Districts and is responsible for coordinating and managing the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, and operation and maintenance of all public infrastructure and services within the portion of High Point in Denver.

Denver High Point IGA (Continued)

Construction of certain regional improvements funded by AHP and the District benefitted property owners and taxpayers in both the Aurora and Denver portions of High Point; however, the parties have determined that such costs should be re-distributed based on an engineer's recommendation of benefit provided and, as a result, the parties entered into the Denver High Point IGA to, among other things, re-allocate such costs between the two districts (assigning 56.18% of such costs to the District and 43.83% to AHP). Accordingly, pursuant to the Denver High Point IGA, both AHP and the District acknowledge that AHP is entitled to be reimbursed by the District in the amount of \$10,021,145 for various capital expenditures AHP previously made and which the Board of Directors of the District has determined conferred a benefit to one or more of the Denver High Point Districts. The District has received an engineer's certification to verify the allocated amount owed to AHP for the improvements constructed. AHP was reimbursed in the amount of \$10,021,145 using proceeds of Colorado International Center No. 14's (CIC 14) 2018 Bonds.

On May 7, 2018, the Denver High Point IGA was amended to include Colorado International Center Metropolitan District No. 4 (CIC No. 4), a taxing district to AHP, as a party to the Denver High Point IGA; to recognize certain improvements that CIC No. 4 constructed as Regional Facilities under the Denver High Point IGA; to reallocate costs associated with the construction of such improvements as part of the total reallocation under the Denver High Point IGA; and to recognize that AHP is entitled to an additional reimbursement to further reconcile the District's proportionate share of the re-allocated costs. Accordingly, the reimbursement amount was reallocated and increased from \$10,021,145 to \$22,399,717, which additional amount of \$12,378,572 was also paid to AHP using proceeds of CIC 14's 2018 Bonds.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

City Intergovernmental Agreement

On September 2, 2008, the District entered into the City Intergovernmental Agreement (City IGA) with the City and County of Denver whereby the District is required to levy a Regional Mill Levy in the amount of 15.000 mills and to impose a one-time Regional Development Fee based upon the square footage of an applicable lot of all property within the project area, (collectively, the regional funds). The District will also require the Taxing Districts to comply with the City IGA. The regional funds will be used to pay the costs of defined Regional Improvements.

The District has the authority to construct the Regional Improvements as detailed in its Service Plan and in the service plans of the Taxing Districts. Per the agreement, the District is also responsible for 17% of Gateway Regional Metropolitan District's (Gateway) Service Plan project costs and certain Town Center Metropolitan District obligations.

The District's share of the Regional Improvements will be funded from the regional funds. The flow of funds for payment is as follows: 1) debt service on any bonds issued for the funding of Regional Improvements, 2) reimbursement to LNR in the event it advances funds to the City for payment of District obligations under the agreement, 3) payment of the Town Center obligations, 4) payment under the City IGA for past project costs (Note 2), 5) payment under the City IGA for Tower – 56th District Lanes costs (Note 1), and 6) the District's share of Regional Improvement costs as they become due, including Gateway service plan project costs. The City IGA was amended on March 17, 2014, to include additional projects.

The District shall utilize all available moneys from regional bonds or regional funds to meet the District obligations. Pursuant to the Funding Agreement – City IGA Obligations between the District, LNR, and the City below, if regional funds are inadequate to pay the entire amount due on the applicable payment date, LNR agrees that it will pay the shortfall amount as an advance to the District.

The District agrees to reimburse LNR for the advances, plus simple interest at a rate of 8% per annum. No payment shall be required of the District unless the District issues regional bonds or collects regional funds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the District may reimburse LNR from otherwise legally available funds.

On September 2, 2008, the District entered into a Funding Agreement – City IGA Obligations with the City and LNR. LNR agrees that it will pay any shortfall amount to the City on behalf of the District for amounts owed under the City IGA above. The District agrees to reimburse LNR for advances, plus simple interest, at an annual rate of 8% per annum.

During 2009, 2010, 2012, and 2014, LNR advanced funds to pay the District's obligations related to the City IGA. In July 2017, LNR sold its property in the District to ACM. LNR assigned all reimbursement rights in the City agreements to ACM.

During 2018, the District satisfied its obligations as it relates to payments to ACM pursuant to Funding Agreement.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets that are owned by the District, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Go	vernmental
	Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,457,109
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,457,109

The restricted component of net position consists of amounts that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position of \$10,900 for Emergency Reserves and \$4,289,121 for Regional Capital Projects as of December 31, 2022.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is owned by and is being developed by ACM High Point VI LLC, a Delaware limited liability corporation (ACM), which acquired the property from LNR CPI High Point LLC, a Colorado limited liability corporation, in July 2017. During 2022, a majority of the members of the Board of Directors were officers of, employees of, or associated with ACM (see Note 5). One board member is the owner of Silverbluff Companies, Inc., which provides construction management services to the District (see Note 6).

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Silverbluff Companies, Inc.

On May 29, 2012, the District and Silverbluff Companies, Inc. (Silverbluff) entered into a construction management agreement. A first amendment to this agreement was entered into on December 23, 2015. On July 21, 2016, the District and Silverbluff entered into a Second Amended and Restated Independent Contractor Agreement - Construction Management (the Agreement) for the purpose of amending and restating the prior agreements in their entirety. A scope of services is detailed in the Agreement and includes all activities necessary to provide construction management services to ensure that District improvements are constructed in such a manner as to be acceptable by the District or another entity having jurisdiction over the District improvements. Compensation is to be 5% of the total contract price paid in equal installments over the term of the contract. Compensation will be adjusted for any change orders that increase or decrease the contract price. Compensation may be further adjusted if the term of the contract is increased fifteen or more days. The Agreement is effective as of the date of the Agreement and shall terminate the earlier of completion of services or December 31, 2016. The Agreement may also be terminated for cause or convenience by Silverbluff or the District upon giving 30 days written notice. If not terminated, the Agreement shall automatically renew for each succeeding year for an additional one-year term commencing on January 1. The Agreement was renewed for 2022.

During 2022, \$120,000 was paid to Silverbluff under this agreement.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District was a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 2, 2006 and again on May 3, 2016, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain ad valorem taxes of up to \$10,000,000 annually for operations and maintenance expenses of the District without regard to any limitations imposed by TABOR beginning in 2007. Additionally, the District electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue without regard to limitation under TABOR in 2006 and all subsequent years. The electors also authorized the District to increase taxes up to \$10,000,000 annually to pay the District's operations and maintenance expenses by the imposition of fees without limitation as to rate or amount. The electors also authorized the District to increase taxes of up to \$10,000,000 annually to pay for regional improvements for which it is obligated per its service plan and other intergovernmental agreements.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

Except as mentioned above, the District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Variance with		
	Original		Final Budget		
	and Final	Actual	Positive		
	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenue -					
Colorado International Center MD No. 14	\$ -	\$ 3,155,399	\$ 3,155,399		
Other Revenue	-	8,887	8,887		
Total Revenues	-	3,164,286	3,164,286		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Accounting	9,500	21,598	(12,098)		
Legal	1,500	158	1,342		
Miscellaneous	1,000	239	761		
Capital Outlay					
Construction Management	1,250,000	120,000	1,130,000		
Contingency	877,027	-	877,027		
Dry Utilities	250,000	-	250,000		
Engineering	500,000	140,216	359,784		
Erosion Control	1,000,000	325	999,675		
Grading/Earthwork	1,000,000	3,575	996,425		
Park and Landscaping	5,000,000	500,647	4,499,353		
Sanitary Sewer	3,000,000	26,718	2,973,282		
Streets	7,650,000	562,227	7,087,773		
Storm Drainage	1,000,000	7,863	992,137		
Water	3,000,000	26,958	2,973,042		
Total Expenditures	24,539,027	1,410,524	23,128,503		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(24,539,027)	1,753,762	26,292,789		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advance	_	1,028,603	1,028,603		
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	(1,186,212)	(2,298,738)	(1,112,526)		
Repay Developer Advance - Interest	(119,478)	(35,555)	83,923		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,305,690)	(1,305,690)	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)	(25,844,717)	448,072	26,292,789		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	25,844,717	(394,347)	(26,239,064		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 53,725	\$ 53,725		

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – REGIONAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Variance with		
	Original		Final Budget		
	and Final	Actual	Positive		
	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES					
Regional Mill Levy	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ -		
Regional Development Fees	360,000	3,154,588	2,794,588		
Total Revenues	360,005	3,154,593	2,794,588		
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay - Regional Projects	1,451,184	-	1,451,184		
Total Expenditures	1,451,184	-	1,451,184		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,091,179)	3,154,593	4,245,772		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,091,179	1,134,528	43,349		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 4,289,121	\$ 4,289,121		

OTHER INFORMATION

DENVER HIGH POINT AT DIA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Prior Year									
	Assessed									
	Valuation for									
	Current Year		Mills Levied							Percentage
Year Ended	Property	General	Regional	Debt		Total Prop	erty T	axes		Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	Operations	Mill Levy	Service		Levied	С	ollected		to Levied
2018	\$ 5,627,380	0.000	15.000	0.000	\$	84,411	\$	54,565	(A)	64.64 %
2019	21,650	0.000	15.000	0.000		325		325	. ,	100.00
2020	14,060	0.000	15.000	0.000		211		211		100.00
2021	3,040	0.000	15.000	0.000		46		46		100.00
2022	320	0.000	15.000	0.000		5		5		100.00
Estimated for Year Ending										
December 31, 2023	\$ 1,720	0.000	15.000	0.000	\$	26				
NOTE: Property taxes collect	ted in any one yea	r include collection	n of delinquent pro	perty taxes levie	ed in	prior years.				

⁽A) In 2018 the Denver Assessor discovered two parcels incorrectly included within the District. They were moved to the correct taxing district and, therefore, no taxes were collected on these parcels.